

Information handouts curated by our top experts



WHAT IS STUTTERING?

- We all have times when we do not speak smoothly. We may add "uh" or "you know" to what we say.
- People who stutter may repeat parts of words (**repetitions**), stretch a sound out for a long time (**prolongations**), or have a hard time getting a word out (**blocks**).
- Stuttering also may include tension and negative feelings about talking.

WHAT ARE THE SIGNS?

- 1. When children are learning new words or speech sounds, you may notice some of these typical speech errors. This is normal.
- 2. Stuttering usually starts between 2 and 6 years of age.

















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WHAT ARE THE RED FLAGS THAT I SHOULD LOOK FOR?

- Many children go through normal periods of speech errors lasting less than 6 months.
- Stuttering lasting longer than this may need treatment.

The following types of errors happen when someone stutters:

- Part-word repetitions "I w-w-w-want some milk."
- One-syllable word repetitions "**Go-go-go** there."
- Prolonged sounds "Sssssssue is nice."
- Blocks or stops "I want a (pause) biscuit."
- You may also notice other behaviours like head nodding or eye blinking often while the person is stammering.

WHAT CAUSES STUTTERING?

- There is no documented cause for Stuttering.
- However, research has established a strong connection of family genes and brain differences in persons with Stuttering.

















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WHO CAN DIAGNOSE STUTTERING?

 A qualified Speech-Language Therapist can diagnose and provide intervention for children and adults with stuttering.

WHEN SHOULD I SEE A SPEECH-LANGUAGE THERAPIST?

- If you suspect your child to have Stuttering, seek help as soon as possible from a certified Speech-Language Therapist.
- If any of the below criteria are met, get assessed by an SLP:
- Your child's stuttering has lasted for 6 months or more.
- Your child starts to stutter more often.
- Your child tenses up or struggles when talking.
- Your child avoids talking or says it is too hard to talk.
- There is a family history of stuttering.

















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MY CHILD IS DIAGNOSED WITH STUTTERING, NOW WHAT?



- A Speech-Language Therapist is a professional who specializes in identifying and providing intervention for individuals with communication disorders.
- Most children with stammering gain benefit from Speech Therapy.
- Speech Therapy will focus on two main aspects of communication:
- To improve self confidence in one's communication
- To reduce the moments of stammering/stuttering

WHAT CAN I DO AT HOME TO SUPPORT?

- Maintain a calm and motivating environment at home
- Do not criticize your child's way of speaking
- Maintain constant eye contact with your child during speaking
- Minimize interruptions while your child is trying to say something
- Let your child finish his/her statements, do not finish it for him/her

















Happy to help you!

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